**B.A.LLB**

**10th Semester**

**Principles of Taxation**

**Paper I [Code –BLB1001C] Max Marks = 100**

**Time Duration: 3 Hours Theory = 80**

**Continuous Assessment = 20**

**Note:** The subject includes a comprehensive and up to date study of various aspects of important principles of taxation. The question paper shall be of 80 marks, spread over the whole syllabus, and shall comprise of three sections. Section A (very short answer type questions in about 10-20 words) shall have 10 questions, two questions from each unit carrying 2 marks each. Section B (short answer type questions in about 200-250 words) shall have 5 questions, one question from each unit carrying 6 marks each. All questions from sections A and B have to be answered. Section C (long answer type questions in about 400-500 words) shall have 5 questions, one from each unit carrying 10 marks each. Any three questions out of 5 have to be answered from this section. 30 percent of the questions will be problem based.

**Objective**: *The tax law has assumed importance in the recent past because of developmental issues of a nation depending on expeditious, efficient and expedient realization, collection and generation of revenue by the state. The present paper has broadly dealt with the main tax statutes falling on direct and indirect tax radar in India.*

**Unit-I – Income Tax Act, 1961**

1. Basic Concepts: Person (Section 2 (31), Income (Section 2(24), Assessee, capital asset , deemed income, Agricultural income (2 IA), Set Off & Carry Forward , Return, Assessment, Clubbing Of Income , written-down value, resident and non-resident.
2. Basis of charge on Income (Section 4-9)

**Unit –II – Income Tax Act, 1961 (Contd.)**

1. Computation of income (section 14)
2. Income from Salary (Sections 15-17)
3. Income from House Property (Sections 22-25)
4. Income from Business or Profession (Sections 28, 29, 32, 32A, 32AB, 33 and 33A)
5. Capital Gains (Sections 45,47 and 48)
6. Income from other sources (sections 56-57)

**Unit –III - Income Tax Act, 1961 (Contd.)**

1. Income Tax Authorities (Sections 116-119)
2. Powers of Income Tax Authorities (Sections 131-136)
3. Procedure for Assessment (Sections 139-148)
4. Appeal and Revision Provisions (Sections 246-264)
5. Offences and Prosecutions (Sections 271 A- 280)

**Unit –IV** - **Goods and Service Tax (GST)**

1. GST- Concept, Need and Genesis
2. Input Tax Credit (Sections 16-21)
3. Accounts and Records (Sections 35-36)
4. Returns (Sections 37-48)
5. Payment of Tax (Sections 49-53)

**Unit V – GST (Contd.)**

1. Assessment (Sections 59-64)
2. Inspection, Search, Seizure and Arrest (Sections 67-72)
3. Appeals and Revisions (Sections 107-121)
4. Offences and Penalties (Sections 122-138)
5. GST Council- Constitution and Powers

**Recommended Readings**

1. Taxman, Tax Planning & Management.
2. Kanga & Palkhivala: Income Tax Law.
3. A.C. Sampat Iyengar, Three Taxes
4. K.Chaturvedi and S.M Pithisaria, Income Tax Law
5. Bhagwati Prasad, Direct Taxes: Law & Practice, Wisha Prakasan, New Delhi.
6. Income Tax in India 1860-2001 by Indian Tax Foundation, India.
7. Policy issue in Designing a system of Income tax, Indian Tax Foundation, India.
8. Tax incidence studies in India- A Survey, Indian Tax Foundation.
9. Tax Reforms in India 1991-2001 Indian Tax Foundation.
10. Kunwar Deo Prasad, Taxation in Ancient India.
11. Annual Survey of Indian Law, Indian Law Institute, New Delhi.

**Clinical Course –IV**

**(Internship)**

**Paper 2 [Code –BLB1002CL] Max. Marks – 100**

**Internship Report – 60**

**Viva = 40**

**Internship Details and Guidelines.**

* 1. There shall be a comprehensive practical training programme known as Internship based on actual practice of law at the end of BALLB 10th Semester.
  2. The Internship shall be of 3 months duration to be completed by the candidate/s after the final semester examination.
  3. The internees shall be required to visit courts of different jurisdictions, revenue courts, police stations and will be placed with lawyers and law firms, legal cells of the state departments, commissions, prosecution and vigilance directorates etc.
  4. The candidate shall be required to maintain a prescribed court dairy and record all the proceedings in which he/she participated to be verified by the concerned official under whose guidance the court/office proceedings are observed.
  5. The candidate shall be required to be well versed with pre-trial proceedings, like counseling techniques, interviewing and lawyering methods , preparation of suits, notices, writs, memorandum of appeals, affidavits, undertakings, applications execution proceedings, FIRs, remands, challans, police dairy, techniques of client-lawyer interactions, plaints, written statements, objections, examination of witnesses including cross-examination, re-examination, writs, injunctions , judgments etc.
  6. The candidate shall obtain a certificate duly signed by the court/advocate of having completed the internship programme both for pre-trial and post trial proceedings.
  7. The court dairies/internship report maintained by the internees, shall be evaluated by at least three teachers nominated by the Head of the Department or Principal of the affiliated private law college.
  8. The court dairies shall carry 60 marks and viva voce 40 marks.
  9. The Head of the Department shall formulate a comprehensive scheme of placement in consultation with two next senior teachers for effectively carrying out Internship programme.
  10. The viva voce for both, the University Department and affiliated private law colleges shall be held by the Board of examiners to be constituted under relevant statues at the end of the Internship.
  11. The candidate shall be required to secure at least 50% marks in court dairy/internship report and viva-voce together to pass this subject, failing which they will have to re-appear in the viva voce which will be conducted by School of Law at the end of the supplementary examination of the 10th Semester.

**(Constitutional Law Group)**

**Gender Justice and Feminist Jurisprudence**

**Paper III [Code –BLB1003S] Max Marks = 100**

**Time Duration: 3 Hours Theory = 80**

**Continuous Assessment = 20**

**Note:** The subject includes a comprehensive and up to date study of various aspects of gender justice and feminist jurisprudence. The question paper shall be of 80 marks, spread over the whole syllabus, and shall comprise of three sections. Section A (very short answer type questions in about 10-20 words) shall have 10 questions, two questions from each unit carrying 2 marks each. Section B (short answer type questions in about 200-250 words) shall have 5 questions, one question from each unit carrying 6 marks each. All questions from sections A and B have to be answered. Section C (long answer type questions in about 400-500 words) shall have 5 questions, one from each unit carrying 10 marks each. Any three questions out of 5 have to be answered from this section. 30 percent of the questions will be problem based.

**Objective:** *The object of this paper is to introduce the students with the various aspects of gender justice and feminist jurisprudence.*

**Unit-I**

1. Concept, Meaning and Nature of Gender Justice.
2. Feminism – Nature and Scope.
3. Women - Equality and Law.
4. Promise of Equality under the Constitution of India.
5. Protective Discrimination.
6. Women and Human Rights.
7. The Identification of Gender Bias and its Adjudication.
8. Gender – Neutral Attitudes and Skills.

**Unit-II - Crimes against Women.**

1. Sexual Offences against Women and Emerging Judicial Trends.
2. Domestic Crimes and their Characteristics.
3. Law Commission Reports and Parliamentary Approach towards Amendment of Rape Laws.
4. Female Foeticide.

**Unit-III - Marriage Disputes and Matrimonial Adjudication.**

1. Divorce and Separation.
2. Maintenance and Child Custody.
3. Socio-Legal Aspects of Matrimonial Issues.

**Unit-IV - Discrimination and Harassment of Women at Work-place.**

1. Common Offences against Working Class Women.
2. Sexual Harassment of Women at Work-place.
3. Judicial Response towards Sexual Harassment of Women.
4. Bonded Bride System.

**Unit-V - Women Trafficking.**

1. Impact of Trafficking.
2. Magnitude of Trafficking.
3. Commercial sexual exploitation of Trafficked Women.
4. Judicial Response towards Women Trafficking.

**Recommended Readings**

1. Trafficking in Women and Children in India- A Research Document of Institute of Social Sciences Coordinated by Sarkar Sen
2. R.N. Chowdary, Crimes against Women.
3. S. Ram, Encyclopedia of Women and Social Change.
4. Gour, Empowerment of Women in India.

**(Constitutional Law Group)**

**Interpretation of Statues**

**Paper IV [Code –BLB1004S] Max Marks = 100**

**Time Duration: 3 Hours Theory = 80**

**Continuous Assessment = 20**

**Note:** The subject includes a comprehensive and up to date study of various aspects of interpretation of Statutes. The question paper shall be of 80 marks, spread over the whole syllabus, and shall comprise of three sections. Section A (very short answer type questions in about 10-20 words) shall have 10 questions, two questions from each unit carrying 2 marks each. Section B (short answer type questions in about 200-250 words) shall have 5 questions, one question from each unit carrying 6 marks each. All questions from sections A and B have to be answered. Section C (long answer type questions in about 400-500 words) shall have 5 questions, one from each unit carrying 10 marks each. Any three questions out of 5 have to be answered from this section. 30 percent of the questions will be problem based.

**Objective:** *The object of this paper is to introduce the students with the various aspects and methods of Interpretation of Statutes.*

**Unit- I**

1. Statute: Meaning and Classification.
2. Interpretation: Meaning, Object and Necessity.
3. General Principles of Interpretation: The Literal or Grammatical Interpretation; the Golden Rule and the Mischief Rule (Rule in the Heydon’s case).

**Unit-II**

1. Harmonious Construction.
2. The Statute should be read as a whole.
3. Construction ut res magis valeat quam pereat.
4. Identical expressions to have same meaning.
5. Construction noscitur a sociis Construction ejusdem generis.
6. Construction expression unius est exclusion alterius.
7. Construction contemporanea exposition est fortissimo in lege.

**Unit-III**

1. Beneficial Construction.
2. Construction of Penal Statutes.
3. Construction of Taxing Statutes.

**Unit-IV**

1. Aids to Interpretation of Statutes:
   1. Need to invoke Aids to Construction.
   2. Internal Aids to Construction.
   3. External Aids to Construction.
2. Commencement, Repeal, Savings and Revival of Statute.
3. Prospective and Retrospective Operation of Statutes

**Unit V - Doctrines of Constitutional Interpretation**

1. Doctrine of Eclipse.
2. Doctrine of Territorial Nexus.
3. Doctrine of Harmonious Construction.
4. Doctrine of Pith and Substance.
5. Doctrine of Repugnancy.
6. Doctrine of Colorable Legislation.

**Recommended Readings**

1. Maxwell on the Interpretation of Statutes.
2. G.P Singh, Principles of Statutory Interpretation.
3. V.P.Sarathi, Interpretation of Statutes.
4. T. Bhattacharyya, The Interpretation of Statutes.
5. D.N.Mathur, Interpretation of Statutes.
6. M.P Tandon and J. R. Tandon, Interpretation of Statutes and Legislation.
7. P.M.Bakshi, Interpretation of Statutes.

**(Crime and Criminology Group)**

**Women and Criminal Law**

**Paper III [Code –BLB1005S] Max Marks = 100**

**Time Duration: 3 Hours Theory = 80**

**Continuous Assessment = 20**

**Note:** The subject includes a comprehensive and up to date study of various aspects of women and criminal law. The question paper shall be of 80 marks, spread over the whole syllabus, and shall comprise of three sections. Section A (very short answer type questions in about 10-20 words) shall have 10 questions, two questions from each unit carrying 2 marks each. Section B (short answer type questions in about 200-250 words) shall have 5 questions, one question from each unit carrying 6 marks each. All questions from sections A and B have to be answered. Section C (long answer type questions in about 400-500 words) shall have 5 questions, one from each unit carrying 10 marks each. Any three questions out of 5 have to be answered from this section. 30 percent of the questions will be problem based.

**Objective:** *The object of this paper is to introduce the students with the various aspects women and criminal law.*

**Unit I - Introduction**

1. Women and Indian Society – A Historical Perspective.
2. Socio-Psychological underpinnings of Women Issues.
3. Victimology and Women.
4. Feminism and Contemporary Notion of Gender Justice.

**Unit II – Contemporary Issues Related to Women**

1. Discrimination.
2. Sexual Harassment.
3. Domestic Violence.
4. Marital Rape.

**Unit III – Women and Criminal Law**

1. Provisions in the Constitution.
2. Provisions in the India Penal Code, 1860.
3. Welfare Legislations and Policies related to Women.

**Unit IV**

1. The Immoral traffic (Prevention) Act, 1956
2. The Dowry Prohibition Act, 1961

**Unit V**

1. The Indecent Representation of Women (Prohibition) Act, 1986.
2. The Commission of Sati (Prevention) Act, 1987

**Recommended Readings**

1. Trafficking in Women and Children in India- A Research Document of Institute of Social Sciences Coordinated by Sarkar Sen
2. R.N. Chowdary, Crimes against Women.
3. S. Ram, Encyclopedia of Women and Social Change.
4. Gour, Empowerment of Women in India.

**(Crime and Criminology Group)**

**Child Law and Juvenile Justice**

**Paper IV [Code –BLB1006S] Max Marks = 100**

**Time Duration: 3 Hours Theory = 80**

**Continuous Assessment = 20**

**Note:** The subject includes a comprehensive and up to date study of various aspects of child law and juvenile justice. The question paper shall be of 80 marks, spread over the whole syllabus, and shall comprise of three sections. Section A (very short answer type questions in about 10-20 words) shall have 10 questions, two questions from each unit carrying 2 marks each. Section B (short answer type questions in about 200-250 words) shall have 5 questions, one question from each unit carrying 6 marks each. All questions from sections A and B have to be answered. Section C (long answer type questions in about 400-500 words) shall have 5 questions, one from each unit carrying 10 marks each. Any three questions out of 5 have to be answered from this section. 30 percent of the questions will be problem based.

**Objective:** *The object of this paper is to introduce the students with the various aspect of how law governs the concept of child rights as well as criminality and delinquency in children.*

**Unit I**

1. Understanding Children and Childhood – A Socio-Psychological Perspective.
2. Child Law in Practice.
   1. Child Rights as Human Rights
      1. International Human Rights and Humanitarian Law.
      2. Constitutional Provisions.
      3. Legislative Approaches.
      4. Position in Other Jurisdictions.
   2. Contemporary Issues Related to Child Welfare.
      1. Trafficking.
      2. Child Labour.
      3. Child Sex Abuse.

**Unit II**

1. The Concept of Juvenile Delinquency.
2. Determining Factors of Juvenile Delinquency.
3. Juvenile Justice.
   1. Jurisprudential and Philosophical Foundations of Juvenile Justice.
   2. The Evolution of Juvenile Justice in India.

**Unit III**

1. Definitions of Important Terms under the Juvenile Justice (Care and Protection of Children) Act, 2015.
2. General Principles of Care and Protection of Children [Section 3 of the 2015 Act].
3. Juvenile Justice Board.
4. Child Welfare Committee.

**Unit IV**

1. Rehabilitation and Social Reintegration under JJ Act, 2015.
2. Legal Mechanism in Relation to Orphans under JJ Act, 2015.
3. J&K Juvenile Justice (Care and Protection of Children) Act, 2013.

**Unit V**

1. Prevention of Juvenile Delinquency: Concept and Strategies.
2. Restorative Justice and Prevention of Juvenile Delinquency.
3. Role of Judiciary in Relation to Child Welfare with Focus on Social Interest Litigation Related to the Same.
4. Role of Family, Community and School Administration.
5. Role of NGOs and Media.

**Recommended Readings**

1. Aparna Bhat, Supreme Court on Children, Human Rights Law Network, 2005.
2. Arunaima Baruah, Crime Against Children, Kalpaz Publications, 2002.
3. Asha Bajpai, Child Rights in India – Law, Policy and Practice, Oxford University Press, 2003.
4. Ashok Singh and S.P. Srivastava, Child Labour in Indi: An Overview, Shree Publishers 2007.
5. Awadhesh Kumar Singh, Atul Pratap Singh and Parvez Ahmed Khan, Trafficking in Women and Children in India: Emerging Perspectives, Issues and Strategies, Serials Publications, New Delhi, 2012.
6. Awadhesh Kumar Singh and Jayanta Choudhury, Violence Against Women and Children, Serials Publications, 2012
7. C.K. Shukla and S. Ali (Eds.), Child Labour and the Law, Sarup & Sons Publications, 2006.
8. Dolly Singh (Ed.), Child Rights and Social Wrongs: An Analysis of Contemporary Realities, Kanishka Publishers, 2001.
9. Dr. Altaf Ahmad Mir, Child Labour and Legal Control: A Socio-Legal Study, Knowledge Line Publishers, 2000.
10. Dr. Nirmal kanti Chakrabarti, Manabendra Kumar Nag and S.S. Chatterjee, Law and Child, R. Cambray & Co. Private Ltd, 2004.
11. J. Cyril Kanmony, Child Labour Rights and Violations, Mittal Publications, 2012.
12. Joseph W. Rogers and G. Larry Mays, Juvenile Delinquency and Juvenile Justice, John Wiley & Sons Publications, 1987.
13. K.D. Gaur, Criminal Law – Cases and Material, 8th Edition, Lexis Nexis, 2015.
14. M.P. Jain, Indian Constitutional Law, 7th Edition, Lexis Nexis, 2014.
15. Naila Kabeer, Geetha B. Nambissan and Ramya Subramanian (Eds.), Child Labour and the Right to Education in South Asia: Needs versus Rights?, Sage Publications, New Delhi, 2003.
16. P.L. Mehta and S.S. Jaswal, Child Labour and the Law: Myth and Reality of Welfare Measures, Deep & Deep Publishers, 2001.
17. Preston Elrod and R. Scott Ryder, Juvenile Justice: A Social, Historical, and Legal Perspective, 2nd Edition, Jones and Bartlett Publishers, 2005.
18. S.K. Bhagat, Child Trafficking: An Unconscious Phenomenon, MD Publications Pvt. Ltd., 2009.
19. S.Wal (Ed.), Child Labour in Various Industries, Sarup & Sons Publications, 2006.
20. S.Wal (Ed.), Combating Child Labour: Legal Approach, Sarup & Sons Publications, 2006.
21. Subash Chandra Singh, Rights of Child, Serials Publications, New Delhi, 2007.
22. V.K. Dewan and Varsha Chandra, Child Labour: A Socio-Legal Perspective, Pentagon Press, 2009
23. Ved Kumari, Juvenile Justice System in India: From Welfare to Rights, Oxford University Press, 2004.
24. Y. Gurappa Naidu, Child Rights, Law and Development: Emerging Challenges, Serial Publications, 2012.

**(Business Law Group)**

**Information Technology Law**

**(Cyber Law)**

**Paper III [Code –BLB1007S] Max Marks = 100**

**Time Duration: 3 Hours Theory = 80**

**Continuous Assessment = 20**

**Note:** The subject includes a comprehensive and up to date study of various aspects of Cyber Law. The question paper shall be of 80 marks, spread over the whole syllabus, and shall comprise of three sections. Section A (very short answer type questions in about 10-20 words) shall have 10 questions, two questions from each unit carrying 2 marks each. Section B (short answer type questions in about 200-250 words) shall have 5 questions, one question from each unit carrying 6 marks each. All questions from sections A and B have to be answered. Section C (long answer type questions in about 400-500 words) shall have 5 questions, one from each unit carrying 10 marks each. Any three questions out of 5 have to be answered from this section. 30 percent of the questions will be problem based.

**Objective:** *Persuasiveness of impact of internet in all the branches of legal jurisprudence necessitated the inclusion of the cyber law in the curriculum as a full-fledged paper with an object to make students to understand the legal implications of ecommerce and e-governance and to prepare them to answer the legal challenges posed by constantly evolving new generation of crimes popularly called cyber crimes.*

**Unit I - Development of Internet**

1. History of Internet
2. Genesis of Internet.
3. Internet Functioning.
4. Access to Internet.
5. Modes of Communication.
6. E-mail.
7. Listserve.
8. Distributed Message Databases.
9. Real Time Text Based Communications.
10. Real Time Remote Computer Utilization.
11. Remote Retrieval of Information.
12. Information Technology Act 2000: History, Object and Scope.

**Unit-II - Authentication of Electronic Records and Electronic Governance.**

1. Authentication of Electronic Records
2. Digital Signatures.
3. Hash Function.
4. Digital Signatures in Practice.
5. Secure Electronic Record and Secure Digital Signatures.
6. Electronic Signatures.
7. Electronic Governance.
8. Legal Recognition of Electronic Records.
9. Legal Recognition of Digital Signatures & Electronic Signatures.
10. Use of Electronic Records and Digital Signatures in Government and its Agencies.
11. Retention of Electronic Records.

**Unit-III - Certifying Authorities**

1. Need of Certifying Authority.
2. Functioning of the Certifying Authority.
3. Types of Certificates.
4. Identification Certificate.
5. Authorizing Certificate.
6. Transactional Certificate.
7. Digital Time Stamping Service.
8. Validity Period of Digital Signatures.
9. Certificate Chain.
10. Appointment of Controller.
11. Functions of Controller.
12. Controller to act as a Repository.
13. Powers of Controller.
14. Powers of Central Government.
15. Database of Certifying Authorities.
16. Who can be a Certifying Authority?
17. Application for License.
18. Certification Practice Statement.
19. Issuance of License.
20. Refusal of License.
21. Surrender of License.
22. Cross Certification.
23. Duties of Certifying Authorities.
24. Certifying Authority as an Indemnifier.
25. Commencement of commercial operation by licensed Certifying Authorities.
26. Requirements prior to Cessation as Certifying Authority.
27. Representation upon Issuance of Digital Signature Certificate.
28. Certificate Life Time.
29. Suspension of Digital Signature Certificate.
30. Revocation of Digital Signature Certificate.
31. Certification Revocation List (CRL).
32. Duties of Subscribers.

**Unit-IV - Electronic Commerce**

1. Introduction.
2. Formation of Electronic Contracts.
3. Contract by Electronic Data Interchange.
4. Cyber Contracts.
5. E-mail.
6. World Wide Web (www).
7. Validity of Electronic Transactions.
8. Dichotomy of Offer and Invitation to Treat.
9. Application of Mirror Image Rule.
10. Communication of Offer and Acceptance.
11. Revocation of Offer and Acceptance.
12. Incorporation of Terms by Reference.
13. Attribution of Electronic Records.
14. Time and Place of Dispatch and Receipt of Electronic Record.
15. Jurisdiction.

**Unit-V**

1. **Cyber Appellate Tribunal**
2. Establishment and Composition of Cyber Appellate Tribunal
3. Qualifications of Presiding Officer
4. Resignation, Removal and Filling up of Vacancies
5. Jurisdiction of Cyber Appellate Tribunal
6. Adjudicating Officer
7. Powers of the Adjudicating Officer
8. Factors to be taken into account by the Adjudicating Officer
9. Power to Award Compensation
10. Power of Adjudicating officer to impose penalty
11. Compounding of Contraventions
12. Appeal to Cyber Regulations Appellate Tribunal
13. Procedure and Powers of the Cyber Appellate Tribunal
14. **Computer Systems and Liability Issues (Cyber Crimes)**
15. Definition of Cyber Crimes.
16. Classification of Cyber Crimes.
17. Target of Computer Crime.
18. Challenges of Cyber Crime.
19. Indian Scheme of Offences and Punishment.
20. Damage to Computer, Computer System etc.
21. Unauthorized Access
22. Computer Contaminant or Computer Virus.
23. Virus.
24. Logic Bomb.
25. Worms.
26. Trojan Horse Programme.
27. Denial of Service.
28. Cyber Terrorism
29. Tampering with Computer Source Documents.

# Recommended Readings

Cees J. Hamelink, The Ethics of Cyberspace (2001) Sage

Markandey Katiju, Law in the Scientific Era (2000), Universal, New Delhi.

Farooq Ahmad, Cyber Law in India, 4th Edition, 2011.

Chris Reed Computer Law, Universal, New Delhi.

Nandi Kamath The Law Relating to Computers,

[Richard Raysman](http://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Richard_Raysman) and Peter Brown. Computer Law: Drafting and Negotiating Forms and Agreements, by Law Journal Press, 1999–2008.

Krishna Kumar, Cyber Laws, intellectual property and e-commerce Security, (2011) Dominant Publishers and Distributors , New Delhi;

S.K. Bansal, Cyber Crime, A P H Publishing Corporation , New Delhi

Rajan Nagia, Cyber Laws and Computer Crimes,(2009) Cyber Tech Publications, New Delhi

S. R. Sharma, encyclopedia of Cyber Laws and Crime, Anmol Publications Pvt. Ltd. New Delhi.

**(Business Law Group)**

**Law on Corporate Finance**

**Paper IV [Code –BLB1008S] Max Marks = 100**

**Time Duration: 3 Hours Theory = 80**

**Continuous Assessment = 20**

**Note:** The subject includes a comprehensive and up to date study of various aspects of law and its interaction with corporate finance. The question paper shall be of 80 marks, spread over the whole syllabus, and shall comprise of three sections. Section A (very short answer type questions in about 10-20 words) shall have 10 questions, two questions from each unit carrying 2 marks each. Section B (short answer type questions in about 200-250 words) shall have 5 questions, one question from each unit carrying 6 marks each. All questions from sections A and B have to be answered. Section C (long answer type questions in about 400-500 words) shall have 5 questions, one from each unit carrying 10 marks each. Any three questions out of 5 have to be answered from this section. 30 percent of the questions will be problem based.

**Objective:** *The object of this paper is to introduce the students with the various aspects and methods of Interpretation of Statutes.*

**Unit I – Introduction**

1. Basics of Corporate Law.
2. Meaning, Importance and Scope of Corporate Finance.

**Unit II – Corporate Finance**

1. Concepts of Corporate Finance.
   1. Relationship between Risk and Return.
   2. Time Value of Money
2. Objectives of Corporate Finance: Profit Maximization and Wealth Maximization.
3. Various Instruments for Raising Finance.
4. Capital Investment: Needs and Factors effecting Capital Investment.

**Unit III**

1. Prospectus and Statement in lieu of Prospectus.
2. Shares, Share Capital and Debenture, Debenture Bond.
3. Classification of Company Securities.
4. Inter-Corporate Loans.
5. Role of Court to Protect Interests of Creditors and Shareholders, Class Action Suits, Derivative Actions

**Unit IV – Equity Finance**

1. Share Capital
2. Public Issue
   1. Initial Public Offer (IPO)
   2. Further Public Offer (FPO)
3. Rights Issue.
4. Bonus Issue.
5. Prospectus – Information and Disclosure Requirements.

**Unit V – SEBI**

1. Role of SEBI and Salient Features of SEBI Act.
2. SEBI Regulations.
3. Important Decisions.

**Recommended Readings**

* + - 1. Altman and Subramanian, Recent Advances in Corporate Finance.
      2. Alastair Hundson, The Law on Financial Derivatives, Sweet & Maxwell.
      3. Babby Dutta, Indian Financial Markets - The Regulations Framework, ICFAI.
      4. Board of Editors, Financial Strategy Conceptual Issue, ICFAI.
      5. Denzil Watson and Anthony Head, Corporate Finance Principles and Practice, P.S. Arson Education Ltd.
      6. Diana R. Harrington-Corporate Financial Analysis.
      7. Donald H. Chew, Studies in International Corporate Financial System, Oxford
      8. Eil’s Feran, Company Law and Corporate Finance, Oxford.
      9. Frank.B. Cross & Robert A. Prentice- Law and Corporate Finance, Edward Elgar Publishing Limited-U.K.
      10. H.L.J. Ford and A.P.Austen, Fords’ Principles of Corporations Law, Butterworths.
      11. Jonathan Charkham, Fair Share: The Future of Shareholders Power and Responsibility, Oxford.

**Local Laws-IV (Optional Group 1)**

**Paper V [Code –BLB1009OP] Max Marks = 100**

**Time Duration: 3 Hours Theory = 80**

**Continuous Assessment = 20**

**Note:** The subject includes a comprehensive and up to date study of various aspects of local laws. The question paper shall be of 80 marks, spread over the whole syllabus, and shall comprise of three sections. Section A (very short answer type questions in about 10-20 words) shall have 10 questions, two questions from each unit carrying 2 marks each. Section B (short answer type questions in about 200-250 words) shall have 5 questions, one question from each unit carrying 6 marks each. All questions from sections A and B have to be answered. Section C (long answer type questions in about 400-500 words) shall have 5 questions, one from each unit carrying 10 marks each. Any three questions out of 5 have to be answered from this section. 30 percent of the questions will be problem based.

**Objective:** *The objective of this paper is to introduce the students to a number of local legislations of the State of Jammu and Kashmir.*

**Unit I - Residential and Commercial Tenancy Act, 2012**

1. Definitions (Section 2).
2. Tenancy (Sections 4, 5, 6).
3. Power of Rent Controller (Section 10).
4. Rights of Landlord and Tenants (Sections 12, 14, 16).
5. Termination of Tenancy (Sections 21-22)
6. Procedure for Rent Controller and Appellate Rent Tribunal (Sections 31-33).
7. Bar of Jurisdiction of Civil Courts (Section 35).

**Unit II - Suits Valuation Act, 1977.**

1. Suits Related to Land (Sections 3-4).
2. Court Fee Value and Jurisdictional Value (Sections 8- 9).
3. Procedure where objection is taken (Section 11).

**Unit III - Court Fees Act 1977 Svt. 1920 AD.**

1. Computation of Fees Payable in certain Suits (Section 7).
2. Fee on Memorandum of Appeal against Order relating to Compensation (Section 8).
3. Procedure in Suits for Mesne Profits (Section 11).
4. Decision of Question as to Valuation (Section 12).
5. Refund of Fee (Section 14).
6. Exemption of Certain Documents (Section 19).

**Unit IV - Stamp Act 1977 Svt. 1920 AD.**

1. Definitions (Section 2).
2. Instruments Chargeable with Duty (Section 3).
3. Several Instruments used in Single Transaction of Sale, Mortgage (Section 4).
4. Instruments relating to Several Distinct Matters (Section 5).
5. Duties by whom Payable, Receipts (Sections 29, 30).
6. Adjudication as to Proper Stamp (Section 31).
7. Certificate by Collector (Section 32).
8. Examination and Impounding (Section 33).
9. Instruments Not-duly Stamped (Section 35-40).
10. Prosecution for Offence against Stamp Law (Section 43).

**Unit** V - Guardian and Wards Act.

1. Definitions (Section 2).
2. Power of Court to make Order as to Guardianship, Jurisdiction (Sections 7-9).
3. Form of Application (Section 10)
4. Power to make Interlocutory Order (Section 12).
5. Matters to be considered by the Court in Appointing Guardian (Section 17).
6. Guardian to be appointed by Court in Certain Matters (Section 19).
7. Fiduciary relation of Guardian to Ward (Section 20).

**Recommended Readings**

1. G.Q.Wani : Revenue Laws in J&K
2. Imtiyaz Hussain: Local Laws
3. J&K Laws Digest
4. Bare Acts of (Residential and Commercial) Tenancy Act 2012; (Suits Valuation Act 1977); (Court Fees Act 1977 svt. 1920 AD); (Stamp Act 1977 svt. 1920 AD); (Guardian and Wards Act)

**International Trade Law (Optional Group 1)**

**Paper V [Code –BLB1010OP] Max Marks = 100**

**Time Duration: 3 Hours Theory = 80**

**Continuous Assessment = 20**

**Note:** The subject includes a comprehensive and up to date study of various aspects of international trade law. The question paper shall be of 80 marks, spread over the whole syllabus, and shall comprise of three sections. Section A (very short answer type questions in about 10-20 words) shall have 10 questions, two questions from each unit carrying 2 marks each. Section B (short answer type questions in about 200-250 words) shall have 5 questions, one question from each unit carrying 6 marks each. All questions from sections A and B have to be answered. Section C (long answer type questions in about 400-500 words) shall have 5 questions, one from each unit carrying 10 marks each. Any three questions out of 5 have to be answered from this section. 30 percent of the questions will be problem based.

**Objective:** *The object of this paper is to sensitize the students with various aspects of international law governing trade and commerce.*

#### Unit-I

1. Historical Perspectives.
2. United Nations : GATT
3. Evolution of New International Economic Order (NIEO).
4. Essential Components of NIEO.
5. State Acceptance and Practice of NIEO Principles.
6. Institutions.

UNCTAD (United Nations Conference on Trade and Development).

UNCITRAL.

GATT.

Objectives.

Strengths and weaknesses.

Salient Features of GATT 1994 (Final Act of Uruguay Round).

1. WTO
   1. Structure, Principles and Working.
   2. Difference between GATT and WTO.
   3. India and WTO.

#### Unit-II

1. Trade in Goods.
2. Trade related investment measures (TRIMS).
3. Relationships with GATT.
4. Inalienable Rights of Member Countries.
5. General Agreements on Trade in Services (GATS)
6. Principle: Non-Discrimination.
7. Benefits to India.

#### Unit-III - Trade Related Intellectual Property Rights (TRIPS)

1. Structure.
2. Principles.
3. Minimum Standards.
4. Enforcement of IPR.
5. New Issues.

#### Unit-IV - Dispute Settlement at WTO

1. Judicial System: Dispute Settlement Board (DSB).
2. Elements of the System.
3. Prompt Settlement.
4. Balancing of Rights and Obligations.
5. Objective of Satisfactory Settlements.
6. Outcomes.
7. Withdrawal of Measure- Violation of WTO.
8. Continuation of the Measures with Retaliation by the Affected Country to make good the Loss Suffered by the Affected Country.
9. Special Steps of DSB and WTO Secretaries for Developing Countries.
10. Process of Settlement by DSB.

#### Unit-V - Sustainable Development.

1. The Concept.
2. Stockholm to Rio: Developments of the Concept.
3. Right to Development.
4. UNCED (UN Commission on Environment and Development) Report.
5. Principles.
6. Rio Principles related to Sustainable Developments.

**Recommended Readings**

1. Bandari Surendra, World Trade Organization and Developing Countries
2. Myneni Srinivasa Rao, International Economic Law.
3. Arun Goyal (ed) WTO in the new Millennium.
4. Schwarzenberger, Economic World Order , Manchester University Press
5. Jayanta Bagchi, World Trade Organization: An Indian Perspective
6. J.G. Starke, Introduction to International Law.
7. UNCED, Our Common Future.

**Intellectual Property Law**

**(Optional Law Group 2)**

**Paper VI [Code –BLB1011OP] Max Marks = 100**

**Time Duration: 3 Hours Theory = 80**

**Continuous Assessment = 20**

**Note:** The subject includes a comprehensive and up to date study of various aspects of Intellectual Property Law. The question paper shall be of 80 marks, spread over the whole syllabus, and shall comprise of three sections. Section A (very short answer type questions in about 10-20 words) shall have 10 questions, two questions from each unit carrying 2 marks each. Section B (short answer type questions in about 200-250 words) shall have 5 questions, one question from each unit carrying 6 marks each. All questions from sections A and B have to be answered. Section C (long answer type questions in about 400-500 words) shall have 5 questions, one from each unit carrying 10 marks each. Any three questions out of 5 have to be answered from this section. 30 percent of the questions will be problem based.

**Objective:** *The course aims at in-depth study of the copyrights and industrial property regime of copyright, patents, trademarks and geographical indications in the context of developing countries with special reference to India.*

**Unit-I**

* 1. Copyright – Definition and Meaning
  2. Nature and Scope of Copyright - Types
  3. Assignment & Licensing

**Unit-II**

1. Infringement of Copyright
2. Remedies
3. Copyrights and Technology

**Unit-III**

* 1. Trademarks – Definition and Meaning
  2. Nature, Purpose & Transmission
  3. Infringement of Trade Mark & Passing off
  4. Remedies
  5. Domain Name Disputes

**Unit-IV**

* + - * 1. Patents
        2. Nature & Scope of Patents
        3. Types of Patents
        4. Rights and obligations of a Patentee
        5. Infringement
        6. Relevant Provisions of TRIPS

**Unit-V**

Geographical Indications

Definitions

Registration

Infringement

Remedies

International Legal Regime

Protection of Plant Breeder’s Rights and Framer’s Rights

**Recommended Readings**

1. W.R. Cornish, Intellectual property: patents Copyright, Trade Marks and Allied Rights, Sweet and Maxwell Lord.

2. Michael F. Flint, A User’s Guide to Copyright, Butterworth London.

3. Jeremy Phillips and Alison Firth, Introduction to Intellectual Property Law, Butterworth, London

4. P. Narayanan, Copyright and Industrial Designs, Eastern Law House.

5. V.J. Taraporevala, Intellectual Property in India, Tarapore Publications, Mumbai

6. F.A Rafiqi, Copyright Protection and Information Technology: An Indian Perspective, Law Publishers of India (Pvt) Ltd. Allahabad

7. Wadera, Intellectual Property of India.

8. Chris Reed, Computer Law

9. Encyclopaedia of Intellectual Property Law.

9. Annual Survey of Indian Law, Indian Law Institute, New Delhi.

**Law and Society (Optional Group 2)**

**Paper VI [Code –BLB1012OP] Max. Marks = 100**

**Time Duration 3 Hours Theory = 80**

**Continuous Assessment = 20**

**Note:** The subject includes a comprehensive and up to date study of various aspects of law and society. The question paper shall be of 80 marks, spread over the whole syllabus, and shall comprise of three sections. Section A (very short answer type questions in about 10-20 words) shall have 10 questions, two questions from each unit carrying 2 marks each. Section B (short answer type questions in about 200-250 words) shall have 5 questions, one question from each unit carrying 6 marks each. All questions from sections A and B have to be answered. Section C (long answer type questions in about 400-500 words) shall have 5 question, one from each unit carrying 10 marks each. Any three questions out of 5 have to be answered from this section. 30 percent of the questions will be problem based.

**Objective:** *The objective of this paper is to introduce the students to the interaction between law and society with focus on how law needs to be created, understood and implemented in the context of what is happening in the society.*

**Unit I – Law and Poverty**

* + - * 1. Legal Aid
        2. Lawyering for Poor

**Unit II – Bonded Labour**

* 1. Modern Form of Bondage.
  2. Globalization, Privatization and Labour

**Unit III – Women and Law - I**

* + 1. Constitutional Protection
    2. Dowry and Related Crimes

**Unit IV – Women and Law – II**

1. Harassment of Women at Workplaces.
2. Female Infanticide and Female Foeticide
3. Women in Conflict Situations.

**Unit V – Child and Law**

1. Child Labour
2. Child Marriage
3. Children as Victims of Conflict.

**Recommended Readings**

* + - 1. Upendera Baxi, Law and Poverty, N.M. Tripathi Pvt. Ltd., Bombay
      2. Altaf Ahmed Mir, Child Labour and Legal Control – A Socio-Legal Study.
      3. Hilal Najar and Heena Basharat, Law and Society, A.P.H. Publishing House, New Delhi.
      4. A.T. Singh, Poverty and Social Change.
      5. M.G. Chutkaram, P.L. Mehta, Law and Poverty – A Socio-Legal Study.
      6. K. Kumar and Poonam Ravi, Offences against Women – A Soico-Legal Prespective.
      7. Paras Diwan, Dowry and Protection to Married Women, Deep and Deep Publications.